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Advances in Life sciences and Biotechnology

Vol. 9 (3), pp.05, September, 2021 ©Prime Scholars Library

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# Short note on biophysics

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## **ABOUT THE STUDY**

Biophysics is the subject that applies the theories and techniques of physics to apprehend how biological systems function. Biophysics has been critical to understand the mechanisms of how the molecules of life are made and how complex systems of a cell move and function, and how complicated systems in our bodies-the brain, circulation, immune system, and others works. Biophysics is a vibrant clinical discipline where scientists from many fields including maths, chemistry, physics, engineering, pharmacology, and material sciences, use their capabilities to discover and increase new tools for understanding how biology works.

#### Different fields of biophysics

- Data analysis and structure: The shape of DNA was solved in 1953 the use of biophysics, and this discovery turned into important for displaying how DNA is sort of a blueprint for life. Now we can examine the sequences of DNA from hundreds of people and all living organisms. Biophysical methods are also important in the evaluation of large amounts of information.
- Computer modelling: Biophysicists develop and use computer modelling techniques to observe and control the shapes and structures of proteins, viruses, and other complex molecules, critical information need to develop new drug targets, or apprehend how proteins mutate and motive tumours to grow.
- Molecules in motion: Biophysicists study how hormones move across the cell, and how cells communicate with one another. Using fluorescent tags, biophysicists had been capable of making cells glow like a firefly under a

microscope and study the cell's sophisticated internal transit system

- Neuroscience: Biophysicists are constructing software models known as neural networks to convey how the mind and nervous system work, leading to new understandings of how the visual and auditory information is being processed.
- Bioengineering, nanotechnologies, biomaterials: Biophysics has additionally been important to understand biomechanics and implement them to design better prosthetic limbs, and better nanomaterial for drug delivery.
- Imaging: Biophysicists have developed sophisticated diagnostic imaging methods such as MRIs, CT scans, and PET scans. Biophysics is still important in the improvement of even safer, faster, and greater specific generation to enhance scientific imaging and educate us greater about the body's internal functions.
- Medical applications: Biophysics has been essential to the improvement of many life-saving treatments and devices which includes kidney dialysis, radiation therapy, cardiac defibrillators, pacemakers, and artificial coronary heart valves.
- Ecosystems: Environmental biophysics measures and models all elements of the surroundings from the stratosphere to deep ocean vents. Environmental biophysicists study the variety of microbial groups that inhabit each area of interest on this planet; they identify pollutants throughout the atmosphere, and are discovering the ways to convert algae into biofuels.